Gender-Affirming Therapies and Key Terms	
Non-Medical Gender-Affirming Therapy	
Binding	Using tight-fitting sports bras, shirts, ACE bandages, or specially made binders to provide a flatter chest contour.
Tucking	Moving the testicles into the inguinal canal and penis and scrotum posteriorly in the perineal region to create a smooth crotch contour. Tight-fitting underwear or gaffe is worn to maintain the alignment.
Packing	Placing a penile prosthesis in one's underwear.
Hair removal with electrolysis	Use of an electric current with fine needle-shaped probe to destroy roots of hair follicles.
Hair removal with laser technique	Use of lasers to target dark, coarse hairs, with the goal of destroying the follicle and reducing future hair growth.
Hormone Therapy	
Feminizing therapies (estrogen and antiandrogen therapies)	Used to help with development of more feminine secondary sex characteristics and decrease masculine secondary sex characteristics.
Masculinizing therapies (testosterone)	Used to help with development of more masculine secondary sex characteristics and decrease feminine secondary sex characteristics.
Surgical Gender-Affirming Therapy	
Masculinizing "top surgery," aka subcutaneous mastectomy with chest reconstruction	Shaping of the skin and tissue of the chest to match the contour of a traditionally masculine chest.
Feminizing "top surgery," aka breast augmentation	Placement of implants underneath natural breast tissue and muscle to create a traditionally feminine appearance.
Vaginoplasty	A penile inversion procedure to create a vaginal vault between the rectum and urethra.
Phalloplasty	Typically, multiple-staged surgeries for creation of a neophallus using a flap usually taken from the arm or thigh.
Metoidioplasty	Creation of a smaller neophallus from hormonally enlarged clitoris; does not require flaps.
Hysterectomy with or without salpingectomy and oophorectomy	Removal of the uterus and sometimes ovaries and fallopian tubes.
Orchiectomy	Removal of the testes.
Facial feminization or masculinization surgery	Surgery of the face that includes various procedures to create a more traditionally masculine or feminine appearance to the face.
Other Key Terms	
Transgender (or trans)	A person whose gender identity differs from the sex that was assigned at birth. A trans man is someone with a male gender identity and female sex assigned at birth. A trans woman is someone with a female gender identity and male sex assigned at birth.
Cisgender (or cis)	A person whose gender identity matches the sex that was assigned at birth.
Minority stress	The stressful situations and experiences someone encounters based on their race, ethnicity, sexual orientation, or gender identity.

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